

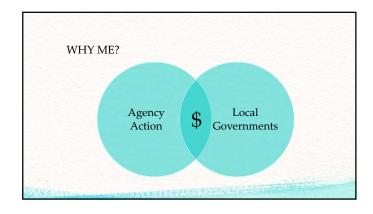
Montana Environmental Policy Act and You

- What is MEPA
- When is a MEPA review necessary?
- What are impacts?
- What is significant?
- What form will the MEPA review take?
- What this means in a grant application?

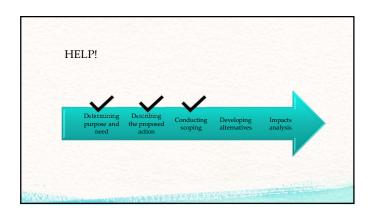
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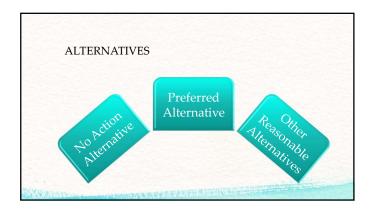
Montana Environmental Policy Act MEPA expanded the public right to participate in "major actions of state government significantly affecting the quality of the human environment." "Look before you leap." "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

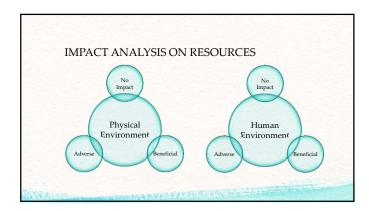
	MEPA - PROBLEM SOLVING TOOL	
	Foster wise actions and better decisions MEPA has two central by state agencies.	
	Agencies must con	ider the effects of on the
	Ensuring that relevant environmental information is available to public environment and officials before decisions are made and making each decisions	n <u>people</u> prior to
	Agencies must ens is informed of and decisionmaking pr	participates in the
	decisionmaking pr	cess.
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	PROBLEM SOLVING	
	THINK BEFORE YOU ACT	
	☐Describe the Need (PURPOSE AND NEED)	
	□Explain the Intended Solution (PROPSED ACTION)	
	□Discuss Alternatives (ALTERNATIVE ANALYSIS)	
	☐ Analyze the consequences to the human environment (IMPAC	(S)
	□Alleviate or minimize adverse consequences (MITIGATION)	
	□Interdisciplinary Approach	
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	PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT	
	□Informing the public	
	□Seeking preliminary comments (SCOPING)	
	□Preparing environmental reviews (Environmental Assessment	, etc.)
	□Public comment	
	□Final Decisions	
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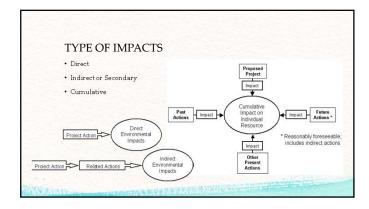
	PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT			
A DDI ICATIONI	Impact Code	Impact Type	Explanation of Impact to Resource	
APPLICATION	subsidence, se	oility, Topograpl ismic activity)	hic and/or Geologic Constraints (example: soil lump, steep slopes	
	☐ No Impact	☐ Direct	Environmental Narrative:	
Step 8 - Environmental Checklist	□ Beneficial	□ Indirect		
Step 8 - Environmental Checklist	☐ Adverse	☐ Cumulative		
Il applicants must consider the potential environmental impacts of their projects, reparation of this document can alert applicants to consideration of location.	explosive and t	flammable hazards	pple: power lines, hazardous waste sites, acceptable distance from sincluding chemical/petrochemical storage tanks, underground fuel es such as naturalgas storage facilities and propane storage tanks)	
esign, or construction actions that will help to avoid notential adverse		□ Direct	Environmental Narrative	
esign, or construction actions that will neither to avoid potential adverse invironmental impacts or expensive mitigation or construction costs. A project will		□ Indirect	Entironmental Narration:	
nvironmental impacts of expensive mingation of construction costs. A project will of be elizible for funding if it would result in significant adverse impact after		□ Indirect □ Cumulative		
	a Surround		example: dust.odors. emissions)	
nitigation.	□ No Impact	□ Direct	Environmental Narrative:	
		□ Indirect	Anti-One-market faile.	
Please complete the environmental checklist below. If an Environmental		□ Cumulative		
assessment has been completed for the proposed project, you may include it	4 Crowndro	ton Posoureos a	and Aquifers (example: quantity, quality, distribution, depth to	
istead of completing the checklist.	groundwater :	sole source aquifer	w)	
	□ No Impact	□ Direct	Environmental Narrative	
Environmental Checklist	□ Beneficial	□ Indirect		
	□ Adverse	□ Cumulative		
omplete the environmental checklist for the preferred alternative found on the			lity, Quantity and Distribution (example: streams, lakes, storm	
ollowing pages.		on systems, canals		
	☐ No Impact	□ Direct	Environmental Narrative:	
	☐ Beneficial	□ Indirect		
	□ Adverse	□ Cumulative		
			in Management (Identify any floodplains within one mile of the	
	boundary of th			
	☐ No Impact	□ Direct	Environmental Narrative:	
	☐ Beneficial	□ Indirect		
	□ Adverse	□ Cumulative		
	7. Wetlands impacts.)		nds within one mile of the boundary of the project and state potential	
	☐ No Impact	□ Direct	Environmental Narrative:	
	☐ Beneficial	□ Indirect		
	□ Adverse	□ Cumulative		



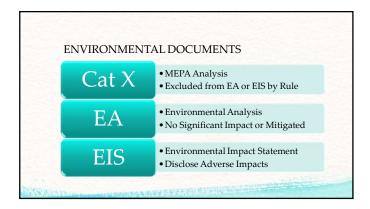


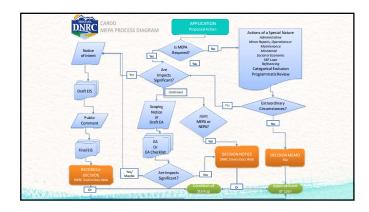


	Impact	Impact Type	PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT Explanation of Impact to Resource
ADDITION I	Code		
APPLICATION	1. Soil Suitab subsidence, se	ility, Topograph ismic activity)	ic and/or Geologic Constraints (example: soil lump, steep slopes,
	□ No Impact	□ Direct	Environmental Narrative:
Step 8 - Environmental Checklist	☐ Beneficial	□ Indirect	
Step 8 - Environmental Checklist	☐ Adverse	□ Cumulative	
	2. Hazardou	s Facilities (exam	iple: power lines, hazardous waste sites, acceptable distance from
All applicants must consider the potential environmental impacts of their projects.	explosive and t	lammable hazards	including chemical/petrochemical storage tanks, underground fuel
Preparation of this document can alert applicants to consideration of location,			es such as natural gas storage facilities and propane storage tanks)
design, or construction actions that will help to avoid potential adverse	☐ No Impact	□ Direct	Environmental Narrative:
environmental impacts or expensive mitigation or construction costs. A project will	☐ Beneficial	□ Indirect	
not be eligible for funding if it would result in significant adverse impact after	□ Adverse	☐ Cumulative	example: dust. odors, emissions)
mitigation.		Direct	Environmental Narrative
	☐ No Impact ☐ Reneficial	□ Indirect	Entironmental varration:
Please complete the environmental checklist below. If an Environmental	□ Beneficial □ Adverse	□ Indirect □ Cumulative	
Assessment has been completed for the proposed project, you may include it			md Aquifers (example: quantity, quality, distribution, depth to
instead of completing the checklist.		ole source aquifer	
	□ No Impact	□ Direct	Environmental Narrative:
Environmental Checklist	□ Beneficial	□ Indirect	
	□ Adverse	□ Cumulative	
Complete the environmental checklist for the preferred alternative found on the following pages.	5. Surface W		dity, Quantity and Distribution (example: streams, lakes, storm
	□ No Impact	□ Direct	Environmental Narrative
	☐ Beneficial	□ Indirect	
	□ Adverse	Cumulative	
	6. Floodplain boundary of th	as and Floodplai e project.)	in Management (Identify any floodplains within one mile of the
	□ No Impact	□ Direct	Environmental Narrative:
	☐ Beneficial	□ Indirect	
	□ Adverse	□ Cumulative	
	impacts.)		nds within one mile of the boundary of the project and state potential
	□ No Impact	□ Direct	Environmental Narrative:
	☐ Beneficial	□ Indirect	- A 2 (1) A 2 (1)
	□ Adverse	□ Cumulative	











LIST OF RESOURCES An evaluation of the impacts, including cumulative and secondary impacts, on the physical environment including, where appropriate: - Terrestrial and aquality fit and habitats; - Water quality, quantity, and distribution; - Geology; - Soil quality, stability, and moisture; - Vegetation cover, quantity and quality; - Asir quality; - Unique, endangered, fragile, or limited environmental RESOURCES of land, water, air and energy; - Demands on environmental RESOURCES of land, water, air and energy; - MEPA Analysis Online Resource List EOC Environmental Indicators An evaluation of the impacts, including cumulative and secondary impacts, on the human population in the area to be affected by the proposed action including where appropriate: - Social structures and mores; - Cultural uniqueness and diversity; - Across to and quality of recreational and wilderness activities; - Agricultural or industrial production; - Human health; quantity and distribution of employment; - Distribution and density of population and housing; - Demands for government services; industrial and commercial activity; - Locally adopted environmental plans and goals; of the representation of the impacts, including cumulative and secondary impacts, on the human population in the area to be affected by the proposed action including where appropriate: - Social structures and mores; - Cultural uniqueness and diversity; - Agricultural or industrial production; - Human health; quantity and distribution of employment; - Distribution and density of population and housing; - Demands for government services; industrial and commercial activity; - Locally adopted environmental plans and goals; of the representation of the impacts, including cumulative and secondary impacts, on the human population in the area to be affected by the proposed action including where appropriate.

Determinin	ng the Significance of Impa	rts							
Impact	Type of Impact	Mitigation Measures	Severity	Duration	Extent	Frequency	Probability	Other Significance Factors	Resource Factors
IMP	ACT on each RESOURCE				*For each ADVERSE	IMPACT, dete	ermine the SIGNIFICANCE		
None	Direct: Occurs at the same time and place as the action	Not required	Negligible: Not expected to be detrimental to the resource	Short term: During the term of the project	Local: Within project area	Seldem	Unificely: The resource impact is not expected to be detectable or measurable	Growth-inducing aspects of the impact	Quantity of each RESOURCE affected
Beneficial	Secondary: Occurs at a different location or later time as the action	May be necessary to mitigate impact	Minor: Minimally detrimental to the resource	Medium term: Intermittent	Regional or localized: Within the area adjacent to the project	Intermittent	t Possible: The resource impact may be detectable or measurable	Growth-limiting aspects of the impact	Quality of each RESOURCE affected: Uniqueness Fragility
Adverse*	Cumulative: Collective impacts when considered in conjunction with past, present, and future actions	May be required to mitigate impacts	Moderate: Moderately detrimental to the resource	Long term:	Large or statewide: Impacts are measurable far outside the area of the project	Often	Probable or Likely: The resource impact is expected to be detectable or measurable	Precedent: Commit the Department to fature actions with significant impacts	Importance of the RESOURCE: State Society
Both Beneficial and Adverse*	Residual: Impacts that are not eliminated by mitigation measures	Mitigation measures will not reduce the impacts	Major: Highly detrimental to the resource					Precedent: Decision in principle about such future actions	
								Conflict with laws, requirements or plans: Local State	
An impact r agency beli	may be adverse, beneficial, or be eves that the effect on balance v	oth. If none of the will be beneficial.	adverse effects of the impac ARM36.2.524	t are SIGNIFICAN	T, an EIS is not required	1. An EIS is rec	quired if an impact has a SI	Federal IGNIFICANT ADVERSE effe	oct, even if the
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